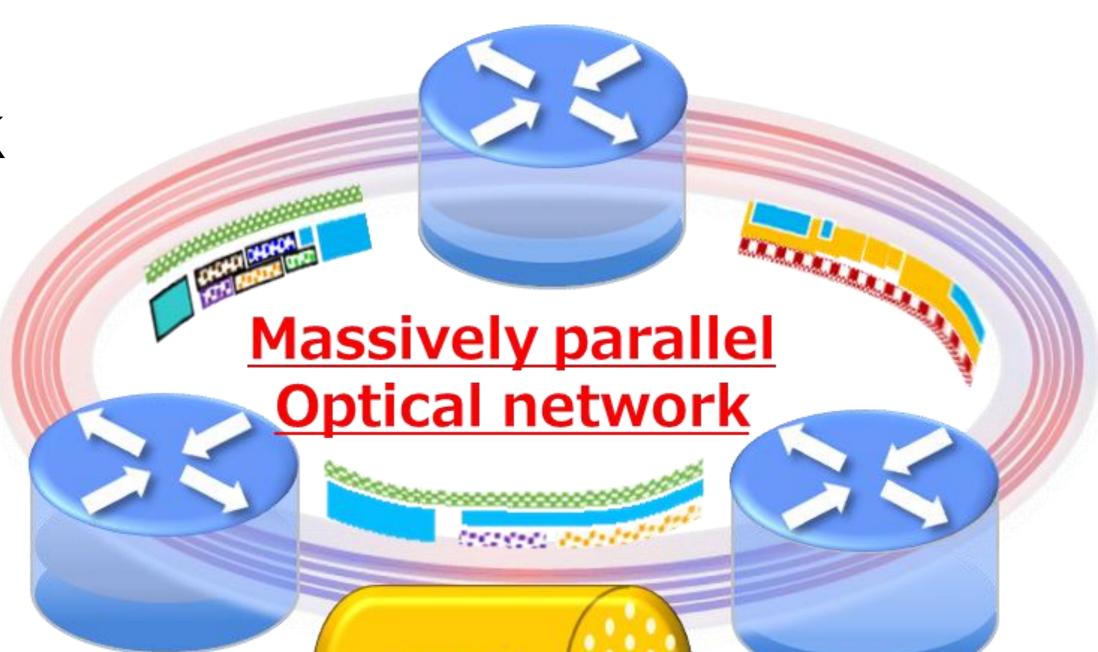


Massively Parallel Optical Networking Technology

Project overview

Aim: to establish a novel optical network supporting future large-scale/diverse traffic streams.

This work: to develop fundamental technologies with massively-parallel processing for low-consumption, open,

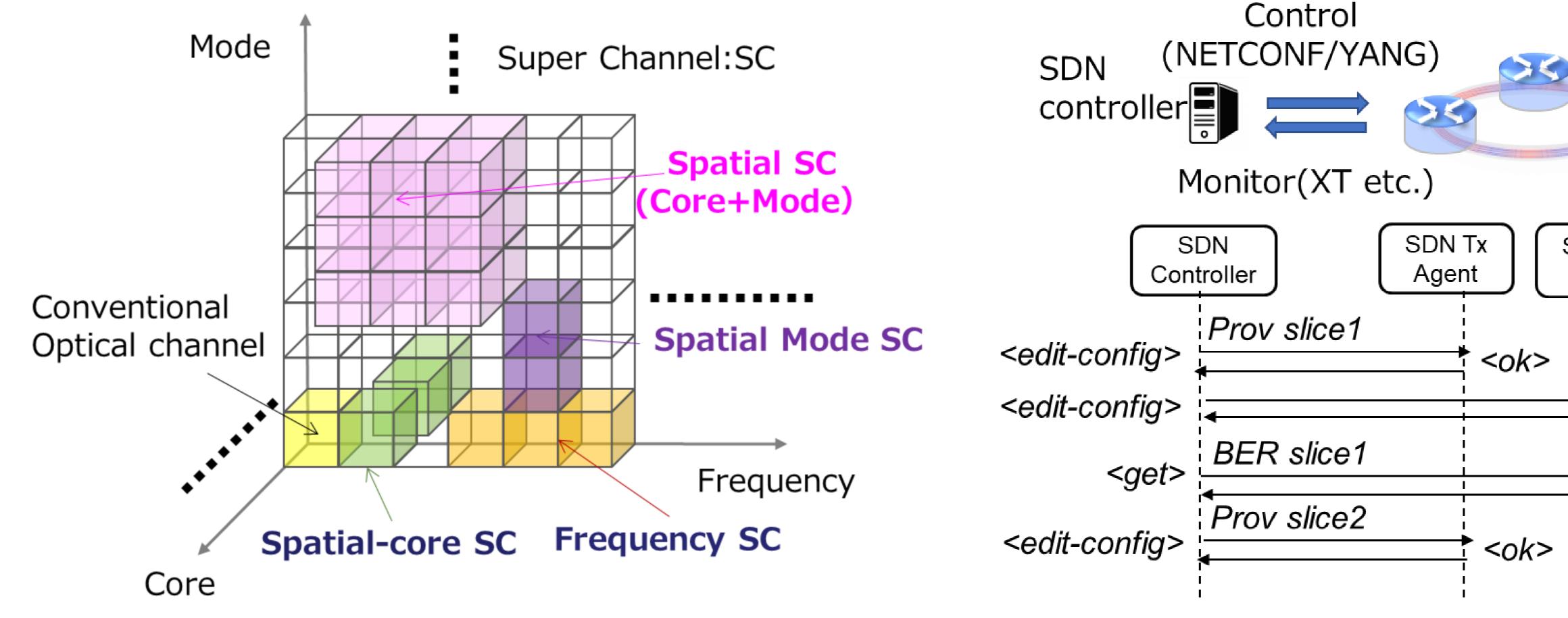


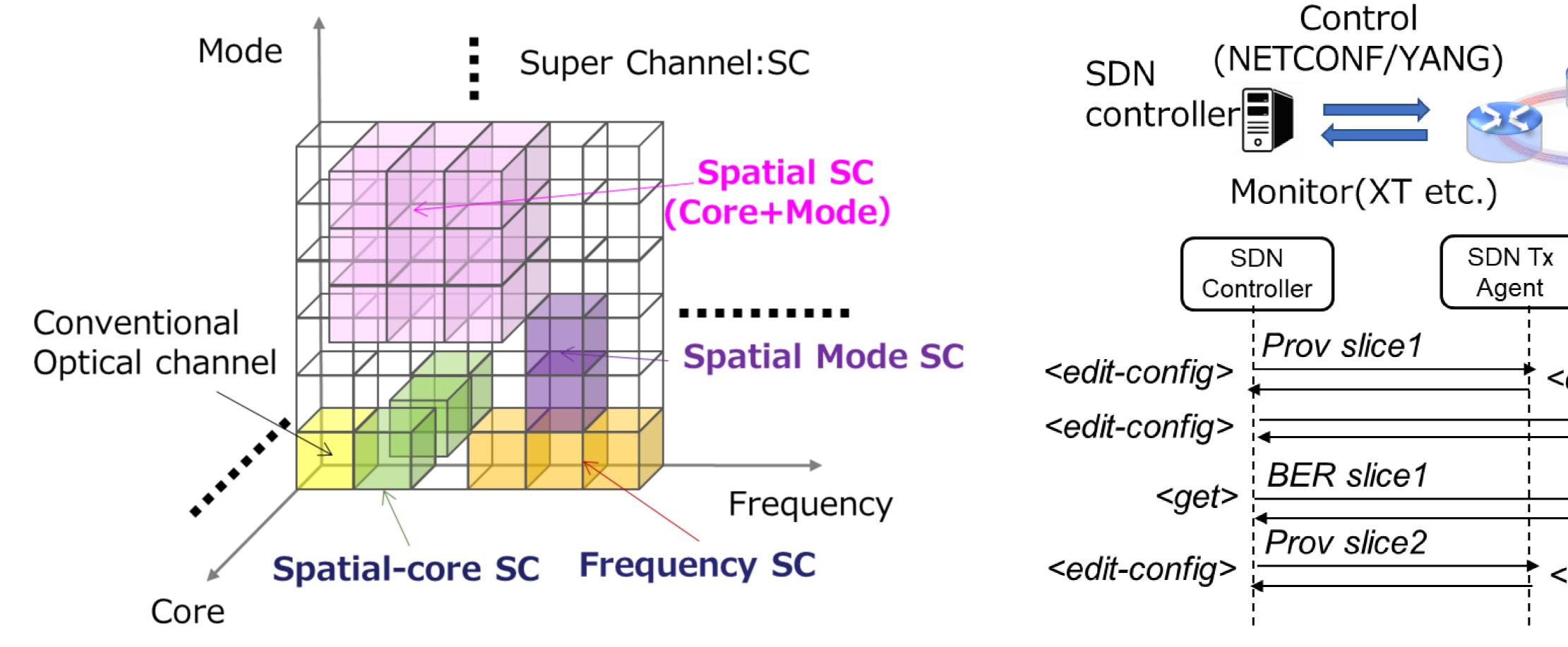
and versatile optical transport networks.



Design and control for massively parallel optical networks

- In this project, we will develop
- (1) Efficient slice (optical channel) design technology for three axes, which are the conventional frequency axis and two spacemultiplexed axes (mode and core),
- (2) Control technology using open API for complex slices with three degrees of freedom (frequency, core and mode).





Slice design technology

Slice control technology

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SDN Rx

Agent

<ok>

<ok>



This work was partially supported by Massive





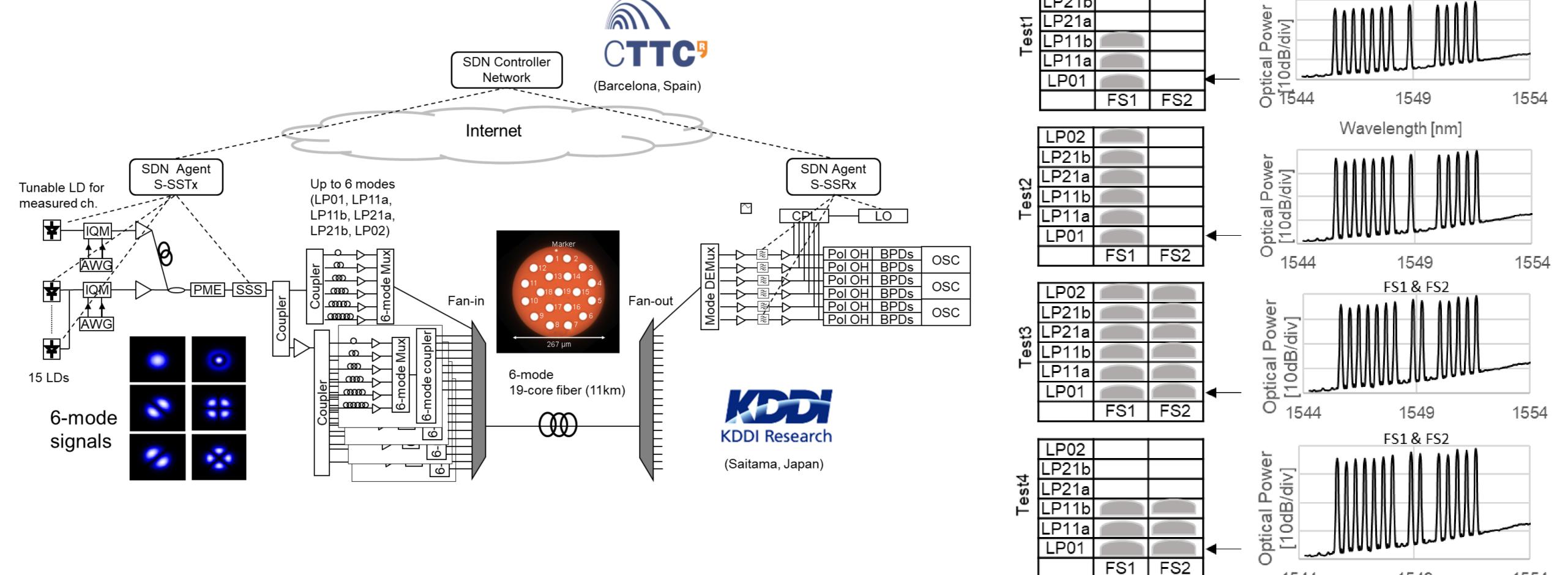


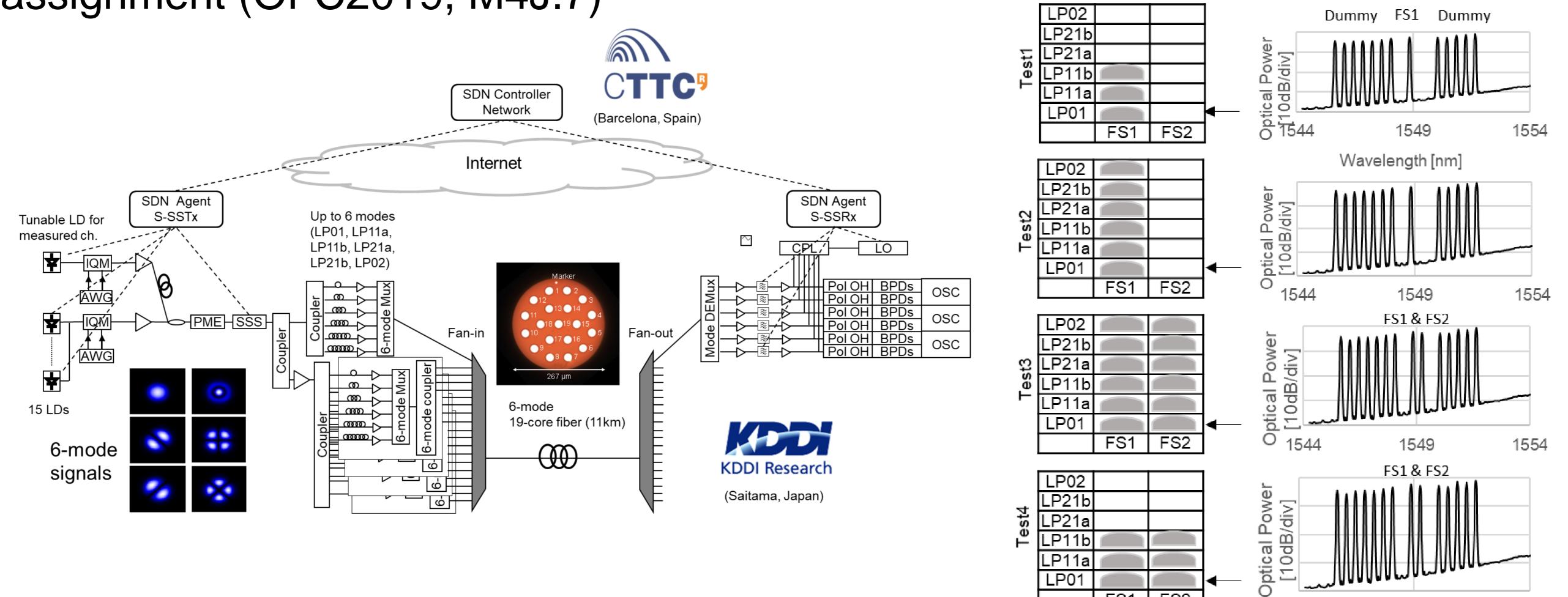


Massively Parallel Optical Networking Technology

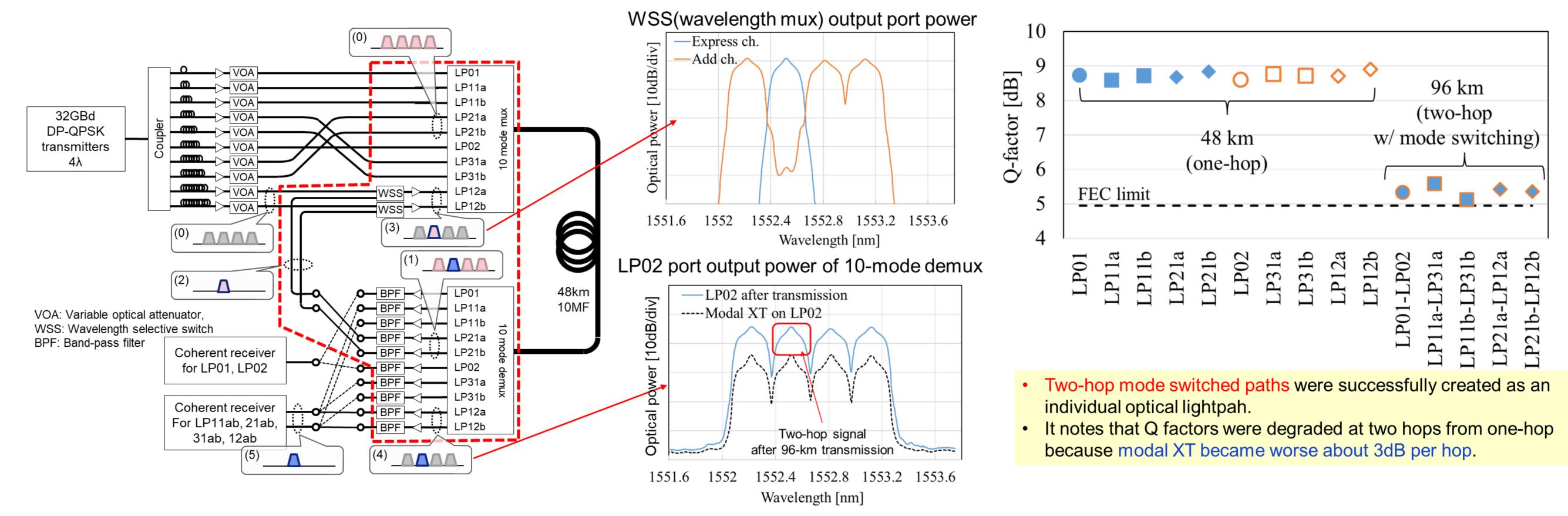
Demonstrations of design and control technology for massively parallel optical networks

Demonstration of SDN-enabled scaling up/down of SDM super-channels using spatial modes with adaptive MIMO equalization and modulation format assignment (OFC2019, M4J.7)





Demonstration of mode ROADM in weakly-coupled 10-mode-division multiplexed network (ECOC2019, W.2.E.3)



Summary: We successfully demonstrated SDN-enabled sliceable multi-dimensional optical network with open API-based control and the fundamental switching operation of the mode ROADM for both mode and wavelength.

This work was partially supported by Massive





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